

The Life! program: effective in improving behavioural, physical and bio-medical outcomes, and reducing diabetes and cardiovascular disease risk factors

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Introduction

Life! program:

- community-based, lifestyle modification program in Australia.
- aimed at reducing risk factors and contributing to decreasing the incidence of type 2 diabetes and cardiovascular disease (CVD).
- 7 intervention sessions over 12 months.
- delivered via in-person Group Course & individual telephone health coaching services (THC).

Study aim:

to assess the program effects on participants' behavioural, physical and bio-medical outcomes.

Methods

Pre-post study design.

Study period:

1 Jul 2019-1 Aug 2020.

Participant eligibility criteria:

Victorian adults at risk of type 2 diabetes or CVD.

Outcome measures (baseline, 6 and 12 months):

fat/fibre score, physical activity minutes/day, weight, waist circumference, and blood pressure measures.

Data analyses:

Paired t tests, Wilcoxon Signed Ranks Test, repeatedmeasures analyses.

Significance level:

2-tailed p<0.05.



Results – Group Course

Group Course participants (n=1053):

- mean age: 66 years
- 72.6% women
- 22% Bachelor degree or above
- 23% medium to high income
- 28.1% employed
- 60.9% married/de facto

Improvements in outcomes over 6 months			
ái	Increase in mean fat/fibre score (range 1-5) (n=1053)	0.4	
6	Increase in physical activity (mins/day) (n=1053)	9.0 minutes	
*	Decrease in sitting hours/weekday (n=1053)	0.9 hours	
	Weight loss (n=943)	1.7 kg	
	Waist size reduction (n=940)	2.7 cm	
•	Decrease in blood pressure (n=405)	Systolic blood pressure 1.7 mmHg; Diastolic blood pressure 1.5 mmHg	
Weight and waist circumference at baseline, 6 months, 12 months			
	Weight (n=54)	82 kg vs. 80.5 kg vs. 80.4 kg	
	Waist size (n=45)	100.4 cm vs. 98.5 cm vs. 98.4 cm	

Note: All findings are statistically significant



Results - THC

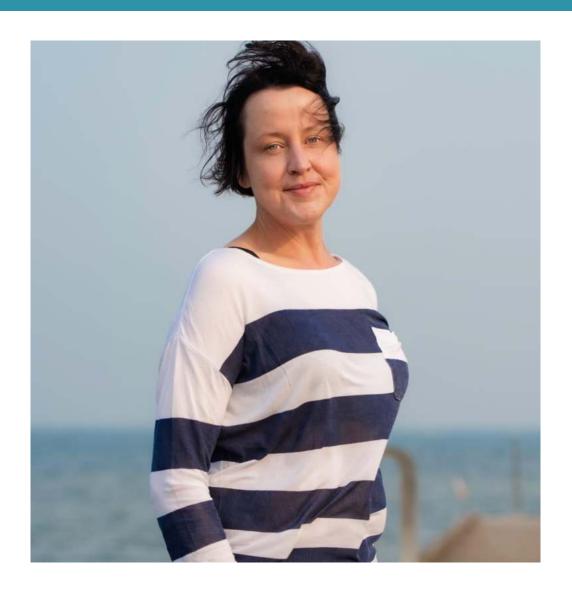
THC participants (n=306):

- mean age: 51.5 years
- 75.5% women
- 40.8% Bachelor degree or above
- 70.3% medium to high income
- 70.3% employed
- 74.5% married/de facto

Improvements in outcomes over 6 months			
त्री	Increase in mean fat/fibre score (range 1-5) (n=306)	0.67	
6	Increase in physical activity (mins/day) (n=306)	22.4 minutes	
	Decrease in sitting hours/weekday (n=306)	0.9 hours	
	Weight loss (n=270)	3.0 kg	
e	Waist size reduction (n=278)	4.2 cm	
*	Decrease in blood pressure (n=160)	Systolic blood pressure 1.6 mmHg; Diastolic blood pressure 1.8 mmHg	
Weight and waist circumference at baseline, 6 months, 12 months			
	Weight (n=49)	88.5 kg vs. 85.8 kg vs. 85.2 kg	
	Waist size (n=50)	104.3 cm vs. 101.3 cm vs. 100.1 cm	

Note: All findings are statistically significant





"The Life! program has worked for me. I feel a million times better mentally and physically. My blood pressure has dropped and I've lowered my risk of developing type 2 diabetes. For me, the Life! program has been life changing."

- Goya, Life! participant



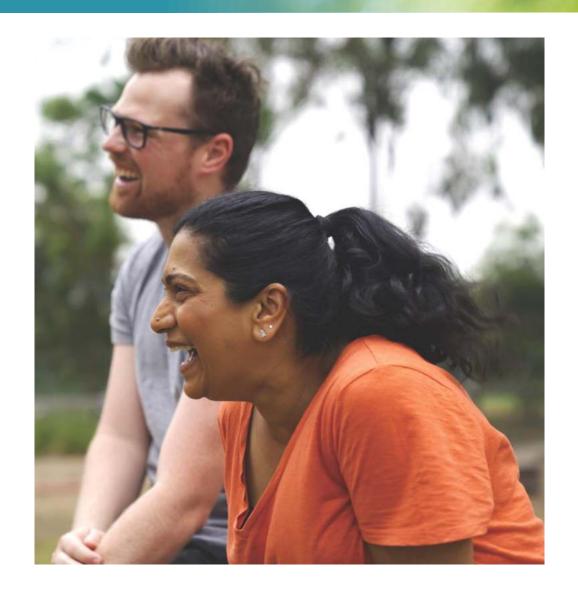
Discussion and conclusions

Limitations

- Non-experimental study design.
- Small sample size for examining the trends in participant outcomes over 12 months.

Conclusions

- The *Life!* program is effective in improving participants' behavioural, physical and bio-medical outcomes.
- The findings provide sound evidence of the value of continuing to deliver the program to individuals with risk of type 2 diabetes and CVD.
- Future research could examine the outcomes of some Group Course participants attending the program via online options introduced during the COVID-19 pandemic (since April 2020).



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